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Hamburgh, March 11. *N. S.*

WE have Advice from Dresden, that King Augustus will set out about the Sixteenth of this Month for Poland. The Recruits which are to compleat his Majesty's Troops in Flanders are upon their March thither, but the three Battalions which were last Year recall'd from the Confederate Army, are not to return thither this Campaign, but to remain in Pomerania. The Estates of Saxony have made pressing Instances to his Polish Majesty, that the Electoral Prince may return home from his Travels in Italy. We have this Day receiv'd a Confirmation of the surrender of Asoph to the Ottoman Port, and the Letters agree in Circumstances with those we receiv'd two Posts before, and add, that his Czarish Majesty continues his Resolution of being at the Head of his Army the next Campaign in Pomerania, to act in Conjunction with his Allies. The Suedes have from time to time sent several small Parties of Horse from Bremen to Wismar, and they pass the Elbe, sometimes at Boitzenbourg, and sometimes at Atlenbourg, so that they say, there are now Four hundred Horse in that Place, which will be able to withstand the Excursions made by several Squadrons from the Garrison of Rostock. The freshest Letters from Sueden advise, that all things are making ready at Carelscroon, for the Transportation of Ten thousand Men, but leave it doubtful whether they are design'd for Pomerania, or to make a Descent in Seland. The Danish General Scholten, has intercepted a Packet of Letters from General Ducker to the Count Welling, in which that General complains so much of the want of Forage in Stralsund, that if Provision be not made, they shall be necessitated to kill several of their Horses.

Berlin, March 12. *N. S.* His Prussian Majesty has, at last, resolv'd not to recal any more of his Troops which are now in Flanders, and has nam'd the Prince of Anhalt to be their Commander this next Campaign, as he was the last, and Lieutenant-General Nazmer is to serve under him. Besides Monsieur Gromkau, who has been join'd to the Commissary-General Monsieur Blaspiel, the King has nam'd Monsieur Serant his Chief Treasurer, and Messieurs Schardius and Catch, who are of the Council of War, to compose a Council w[illegible] the two former, wherein all Affairs belonging to the Office of Commissary-General are to be dispatch'd; and they are to meet regularly three times a Week. Monsieur d'Alancon, President of the Parliament of Orange, who had Orders to go to Utrecht, to confer with his Majesty's Plenipotentiaries there, as to Matters relating to his Majesty's Interest concerning the Principality of Orange, is not yet set out from this Place. We have Advice from Dresden, that General Fleming is shortly to come hither again, to reassume his Negotiations at this Court. Considerable Sums of Mony have been sent from Saxony through this Place for Pomerania: But the Scarcity of Corn and other Provisions is very great in that Province, and encreases Daily.

Hamburgh, March 15. *N. S.* We have advice from Vienna, that Prince Hercolani, Ambassador from his Imperial Majesty to the Republick of Venice, had made a Proposal to that State, to enter into an Alliance Offensive and Defensive, for the Preservation of the Peace of Italy, in case the House of Medicis, should happen to be left without any Issue Male. We hear that a Party belonging to the Garrison of Stralsund, had surpriz'd Fifty Danish Horse and three Officers, and made them Prisoners of War; and, that General Ducker, who commands in Stralsund, had caused the Cannon of that Place to be Fir'd upon the News that the Fortress of Weybourg, had surrendred to the Suedes. An Embargo has been laid upon all the Vessels in the Port of Carelscroon, and they were to be taken into the Suedish Service, to assist in the Transportation of Ten thousand Men, who would be ready to Sail on the Second of this Month.

Brussels, March 17. *N. S.* Our last Letters from Paris assure us, that it was suppos'd the young Duke of Anjou was out of all Danger.

Hague, March 18. *N. S.* We have this farther Account of the Effects produc'd by the Expedition at Arras: That upon the Twentieth of February last, there were above Thirty Stacks of Forage at that Place, and that Seventeen of them were an Hundred Foot long, Forty Foot broad, and Threescore Foot in height, and the rest about half as large, and that they were all placed upon the Platform, as near as they could be to the Citadel, being as high again as the Walls of the Town, and that several smaller were adding to them. Persons who have made the most exact Calculation of the Provender necessary for the Daily Subsistance of Troops in a Campaign, say, that the Enemies loss amounted to Fifteen hundred thousand Rations of Forage. We have an Account, That the Provisions of Forage which the French have gather'd together at Valenciennes, are more likely to endanger the Health of their Horses, than to subsist them. Messieurs de Gastricum and Burmania, who have been nominated by the States to inspect the Magazines and Fortifications situated upon the Meuse, departed hence Yesterday, in order to Execute their Commission.

Falmouth, March 8. Yesterday came in from Cruising, the two Sisters Privateer of Flushing, and brought in as Prize the St. Lewis, of and for Bourdeaux from Martinico, of twenty two Guns and a hundred and ten Men.

Yarmouth, March 10. On the Eighth sail'd out of our Road a Fleet of Light Colliers and Coasters to the Northward, under Convoy of several of Her Majesty's Ships. Yesterday came in here Her Majesty's Ship the Pearl, with several Ships under her Convoy from Holland.

Deal, March 11. Here are Her Majesty's Ships the August, Centurion, Reserve, and South-Sea-Castle.

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